## P2 Forces and motion Revision Sheet

| 1. How is velocity different to speed? [1] | Velocity is speed in a certain direction |
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| 2. How can you calculate speed from a distance-time graph? [2] | - From the gradient <br> - because speed = distance / time |
| 3. Define Acceleration [1] | The rate at which velocity changes. |
| 4. How can you calculate acceleration from a velocity-time graph? [1] | From the gradient because; acceleration = change in velocity / time |
| 5. What is braking distance? [1] | The distance a vehicle travels whilst the brakes have been applied. |
| 6. What is thinking distance? [1] | The distance a vehicle travels whilst the driver is thinking about braking. |
| 7. What is stopping distance? [2] | - The total distance a vehicle travels to come to a stop. <br> - It is the sum of the breaking and thinking distances |
| 8. What is terminal velocity? [1] | This is a steady speed caused when the forces are balanced. Example is a sky diver |
| 9. List 3 ways of increasing braking distance [3] | - Wet or icy road <br> - Worn brakes <br> - Worn tyres |
| 10. List 3 ways of increasing thinking distance [3] | - Drugs or alcohol <br> - Tired <br> - Using a mobile phone |
| 11. Why does a sky diver have a large parachute? [3] | - To increase the surface area <br> - To increase the drag force <br> - To decrease the acceleration |
| 12. What is the unit of acceleration? [1] | $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| 13. What is the unit of velocity? [1] | $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ |

