| 1. What is a resultant force? [1] | A single force which is the result of 2 or more forces acting on an object. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2. What is the unit of force? [1] | Newton |
| 3. What is the equation relating force, mass and acceleration? [1] | $\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{ma}$ |
| 4. When an object moves through air or water they experience this force [1] | Drag force |
| 5. Define acceleration [1] | The rate at which velocity changes. |
| 6. What is a reaction force? [1] | The surface an object rests on exerts an equal and opposite force, called the reaction force |
| 7. What are the forces acting on a book on a table? | - Weight (downwards) <br> - Reaction (upwards) |
| 8. What law states extension of the material is proportional to the force applied? [1] | Hooke's Law |
| 9. What does elastic mean? [1] | When an object recovers its original shape after a force has been applied |
| 10.What are the horizontal forces acting on an accelerating car? [3] | - Thrust <br> - friction <br> - in opposite directions |
| 11. What are the vertical forces acting on a boat? [2] | - Weight (downwards) <br> - Upthrust or buoyancy (upwards) |
| 12. If there is a resultant force on a moving object will it accelerate or travel at a steady speed? [1] | Accelerate |
| 13.To change the acceleration of an object you would need to change... [2] | - Force on the object <br> - Mass of the object |
| 14. The name given to energy stored in a stretched elastic band [1] | Elastic potential energy |
| 15. When 2 objects interact, the forces they exert on each other are said to be... [1] | Equal and opposite |
| 16. What is the name of the force that causes heating effects? [1] | Friction |
| 17. What is the unit of mass? [1] | Kilograms |


| 18. Name the letters in this equation $\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{ma}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F}=\text { force }(\mathrm{N}) \\ & \mathrm{a}=\text { acceleration }\left(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right) \\ & \mathrm{m}=\text { mass }(\mathrm{kg}) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 19. If an object has an acceleration of $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ and a mass of 2 kg what is the size of the force? |  |
| 20.If an object has an acceleration of $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ and a mass of 20 kg what is the size of the force? |  |
| 21.If a 20 N force is applied to a mass of 2 kg what is the acceleration? |  |
| 22.If a 15 N force is applied to a mass of 3 kg what is the acceleration? |  |
| 23. What is the mass of a toy car if it has an acceleration of $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ when a force of 8 N is applied? |  |
| 24. Name the letters in F = ke | $\begin{aligned} & F=\text { force }(N) \\ & k=\text { spring constant }(N / m) \\ & e=\text { extension }(m) \end{aligned}$ |
| 25.If a spring with a spring constant of $10 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$, stretches 0.5 m , what was the force applied? |  |
| 26. If a spring with a spring constant of $5 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$, stretches 2 m , what was the force applied? |  |
| 27.If a spring with a spring constant of $5 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$, stretches 20 cm , what was the force applied? |  |
| 28.If a force of 10 N is applied to a spring with a spring constant of $5 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$, how much does the spring stretch? |  |
| 29.If a force of 50 N is applied to a spring which stretches 2 m , what is the size of the spring constant? |  |

